

13.—Accommodation and Movement of Patients in Veterans Affairs Hospitals, 1951
—concluded

Type of Hospital and Location	Bed Capacity	Personnel		Movement of Patients			
		Salaried Doctors	Total	In Residence Beginning of Year	Ad-missions During Year	In Residence End of Year	Total Patient Days During Year
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Health and Occupational Centres—							
Ottawa, Ont.	150	5	100	125	187	121	43,431
Toronto, Ont.	150	—	62	135	178	133	48,499
Burnaby, B.C.	200	1	81	211	812	195	72,567
Totals, Health and Occupational Centres.	500	6	243	471	1,177	449	164,497
Special Institution—							
Ste. Hyacinthe, Que.	200	5	224	165	232	153	60,544
Veterans Homes—							
Toronto, Ont.	165	2	107	158	107	160	59,018
Amherstburg, Ont.	30	—	13	21	13	24	8,922
Regina, Sask.	50	2	26	60	79	59	20,773
Edmonton, Alta.	70	1	26	71	178	68	25,060
Totals, Veterans Homes.	315	5	172	310	377	311	113,773
Grand Totals.	9,785	133	8,687	7,655	48,616	7,598	2,947,695

During 1950 and 1951 new facilities included a nurses' residence at Westminster Hospital, London, Ont., with accommodation for 216 nurses, and the remodelled Annex at Halifax, N.S., which now has accommodation for 78 patients requiring domiciliary care. Under the hospital construction program to replace outmoded accommodation by modern fireproof buildings, progress was made on the construction of new facilities at Lancaster Hospital, Saint John, N.B., which will be completed in 1952. A 60-bed addition to the Veterans' Hospital at Victoria, B.C., will also be completed in 1952 and a 300-bed hospital is under construction at Quebec, Que.

Early in 1952 the Veterans' Home at Halifax was closed, Lyndhurst Lodge at Toronto was transferred to the Canadian Paraplegia Association, Christie Street Hospital was transferred to the City of Toronto to be used as a home for the aged, and York Health and Occupational Centre at Toronto was closed.

Amalgamations in 1950 and 1951 included: Western Counties Veterans' Lodge with Westminster Hospital, London, Ont.; Senneville Health and Occupational Centre with Ste. Anne's Hospital, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Que.; Ridgewood Health and Occupational Centre with Lancaster Hospital, Saint John, N.B.; Veterans' Home with Deer Lodge Hospital, Winnipeg, Man.; Calgary Convalescent Hospital with Colonel Belcher Hospital, Calgary, Alta.; and Hycroft Veterans' Lodge with Shaughnessy Hospital, Vancouver, B.C. The functions of these amalgamated units remain unchanged but they now operate as wings or divisions of the parent unit.

The numbers of patients in Veterans Affairs hospitals at Dec. 31, 1950, and Dec. 31, 1951, were 7,655 and 7,598, respectively, classified by status and treatment groups as follows:—

<i>Patient Strength</i>	1950	1951	<i>Treatment Group</i>	1950	1951
World War I.	4,802	4,824	General.	5,759	5,681
World War II.	2,336	1,964	Tuberculosis.	624	544
Other.	517	810	Mental.	1,272	1,373

Clinical treatments in Departmental institutions numbered 483,202 in 1950 and 451,149 in 1951.